

In designing your website, consider the following.

Good websites

1. meet the **needs** and **interests** of the **audience**
2. provide content that is
 - **relevant** and **easy to understand**.
 - **“skimmable”** and **easy to read**. (Studies show readers might read 28% of the text on a web page – so make your text count).
3. collect **feedback** to respond to evolving user needs and opportunities.



Website users skim content, so 1) limit text and 2) lay out content clearly.

Use these criteria to help you design a good website.

1. Content

Audience. Do you clearly know who you are trying to reach (General Public, Extension, etc.?) and their major interests? (Is the information audience-driven or supply-driven?)

- Very clear Not clear

Language. Can people easily understand your content?

- Easy to understand Okay Hard to understand

Navigation. Is your content **“skimmable”** (because web users don't read a lot)?

Use these criteria:

- Site easy to navigate - Material easy to find – easy to “browse” and/or “search”
- 3 or fewer clicks to find information
- Navigation elements consistent
- Limited page scrolling

Feedback. Is there a mechanism to interact and/or collect feedback from users?

- Yes No

2. Appearance – “Look and feel”

Text. Is the text **easy and pleasant** to read (i.e. legible).

- easy to read Okay hard to read

Site Colors. Do colors add or detract from the content? (Also consider any institutional colors that should be used.)

- Attractive Okay Unattractive and/or make text difficult to read

Page density. Does the page seem overly dense?

- Page appears good Pages okay Pages appear crowded

3. File management considerations

- File and Picture sizes are optimized and reduced for easy loading
- File include Tags and there is a clear naming protocol used